



# Challenges of IC Materials Call for Collaborations

## 以合作迎接集成电路材料的挑战

Weimin Li, Ph.D.

Vice President Advanced  
Process and Materials

# Outline

- **Advances in semiconductor technology are built on the advances of materials**
- **Growth of China Semiconductor Industry needs strong Chinese semiconductor materials companies**
- **Innovations in semiconductor materials and growth of the industry require collaborations**
- **SITRI provides a platform for collaborations in semiconductor materials**

# Semiconductor industry is built on semiconductor materials 半导体产业是建立在半导体材料的基础上的

Properties of Semiconductor Materials

Semiconductor Materials		Bandgap (eV)	Melting Point (K)	Main Applications
1 <sup>st</sup> Generation	Ge	1.1	1221	Low V, low f, mid power transistor, photonics
	Si	0.7	1687	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Generation	GaAs	1.4	1511	MW&mmW Devices, LED
3 <sup>rd</sup> Generation	SiC	3.05	2826	1. High T, high f, Radiation resist, Power devices 2. Blue, green and violet LEDs, lasers
	GaN	3.4	1973	
	AlN	6.2	2470	
	ZnO	3.37	2248	
4 <sup>th</sup> Generation	Diamond	5.5	>3800	Ultra-high power devices
	Ga <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	4.85	1795	

From public information

# From the Discovery of Semiconductor Materials 从半导体材料的发现



Thomas Johann  
Seeback

1821

AgCl

Thermalelctric Effects



Michael  
Faraday

1833

Ag<sub>2</sub>S



Alexandre  
Edmond  
Becquerel

1839

AgCl, AgBr

Photovoltaic  
Effects



Willoughby  
Smith

1873

Se

Optoelectric  
Effects



Karl  
Ferdinand  
Braun

1874

Metal Sulfide

Rectify Effects

# To the birth of Integrated circuits 到集成电路



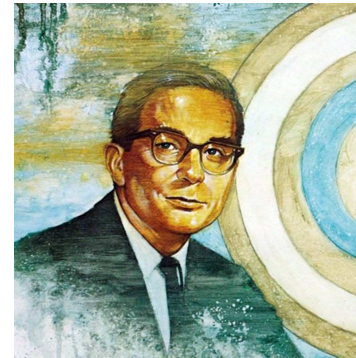
**William Shockley, Brattain, Bardeen 1947, 锗晶体管**



**Jack Kilby 1958 第一次同一衬底2个不同器件, 锗**



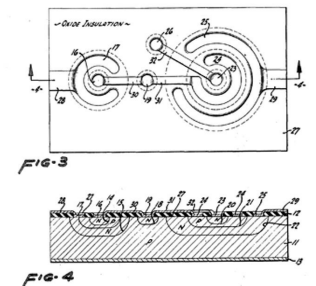
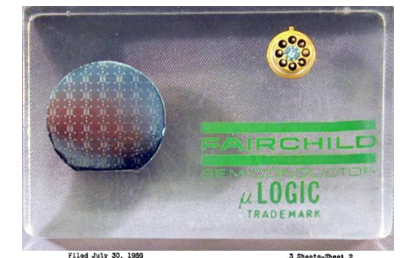
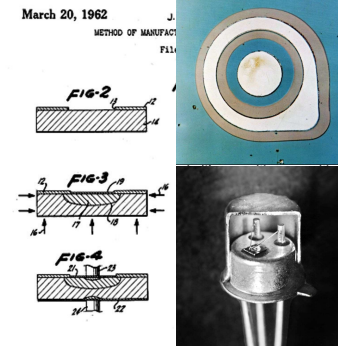
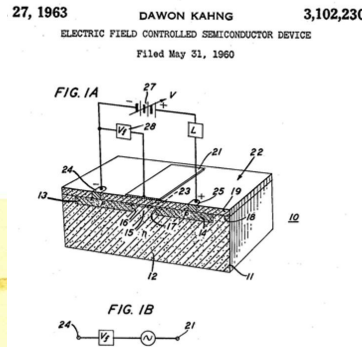
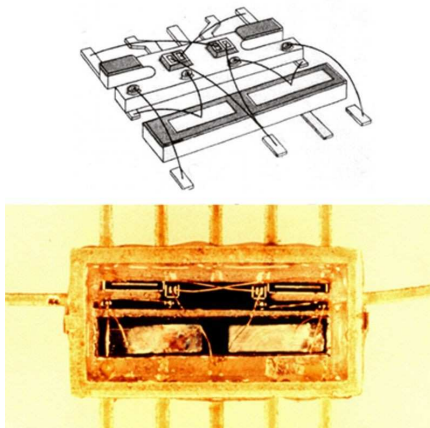
**Bell Lab 1959 硅基MOS**



**Jean Hoenri 1959 平面工艺 Robert Noyce 1960 硅基平面工艺**



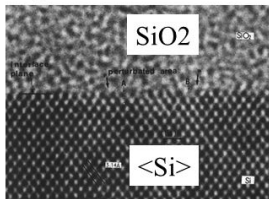
**硅谷8人帮, 1964, 平面工艺连接不同器件**



# Si-SiO<sub>2</sub> – The perfect interface

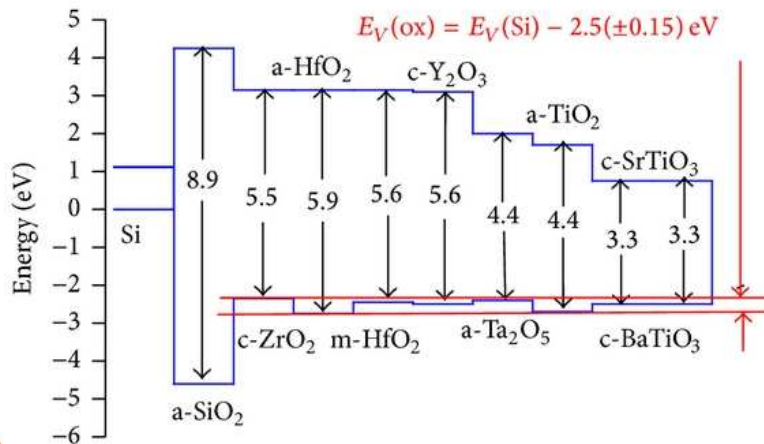
## Properties of SiO<sub>2</sub>

Thermal SiO<sub>2</sub> is **amorphous**.  
 Weight Density = 2.20 gm/cm<sup>3</sup>  
 Molecular Density = 2.3E22 molecules/cm<sup>3</sup>



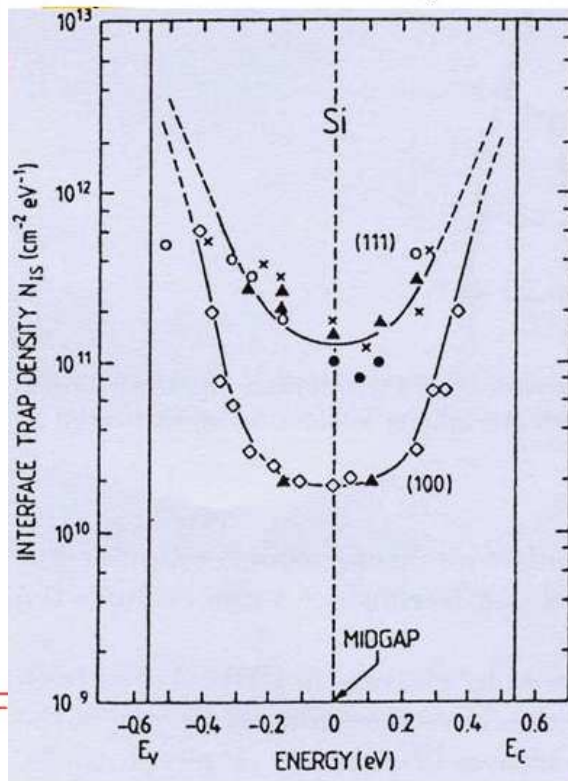
Crystalline SiO<sub>2</sub> [Quartz] = 2.65 gm/cm<sup>3</sup>

- (1) Excellent Electrical Insulator  
Resistivity > 1E20 ohm-cm Energy Gap ~ 9 eV
- (2) High Breakdown Electric Field  
> 10MV/cm
- (3) Stable and Reproducible Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> Interface

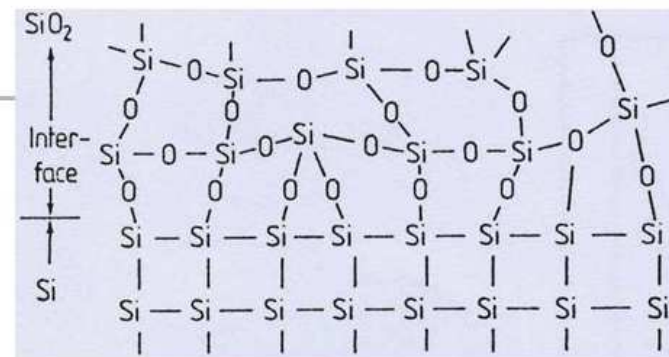


## Si-SiO<sub>2</sub> Interfaces

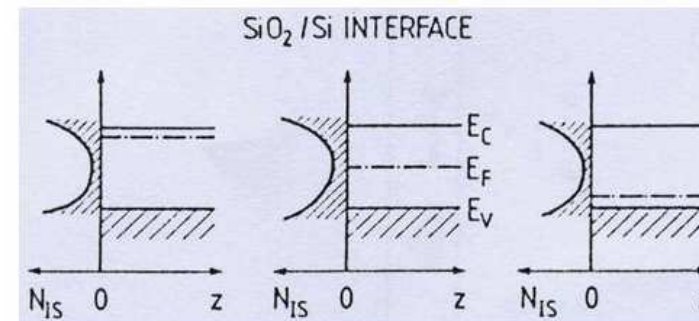
Interface state density can be down to 10<sup>8</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup> eV<sup>-1</sup> near midgap



Si(100) is preferred



## Flat band at Si-SiO<sub>2</sub> interfaces



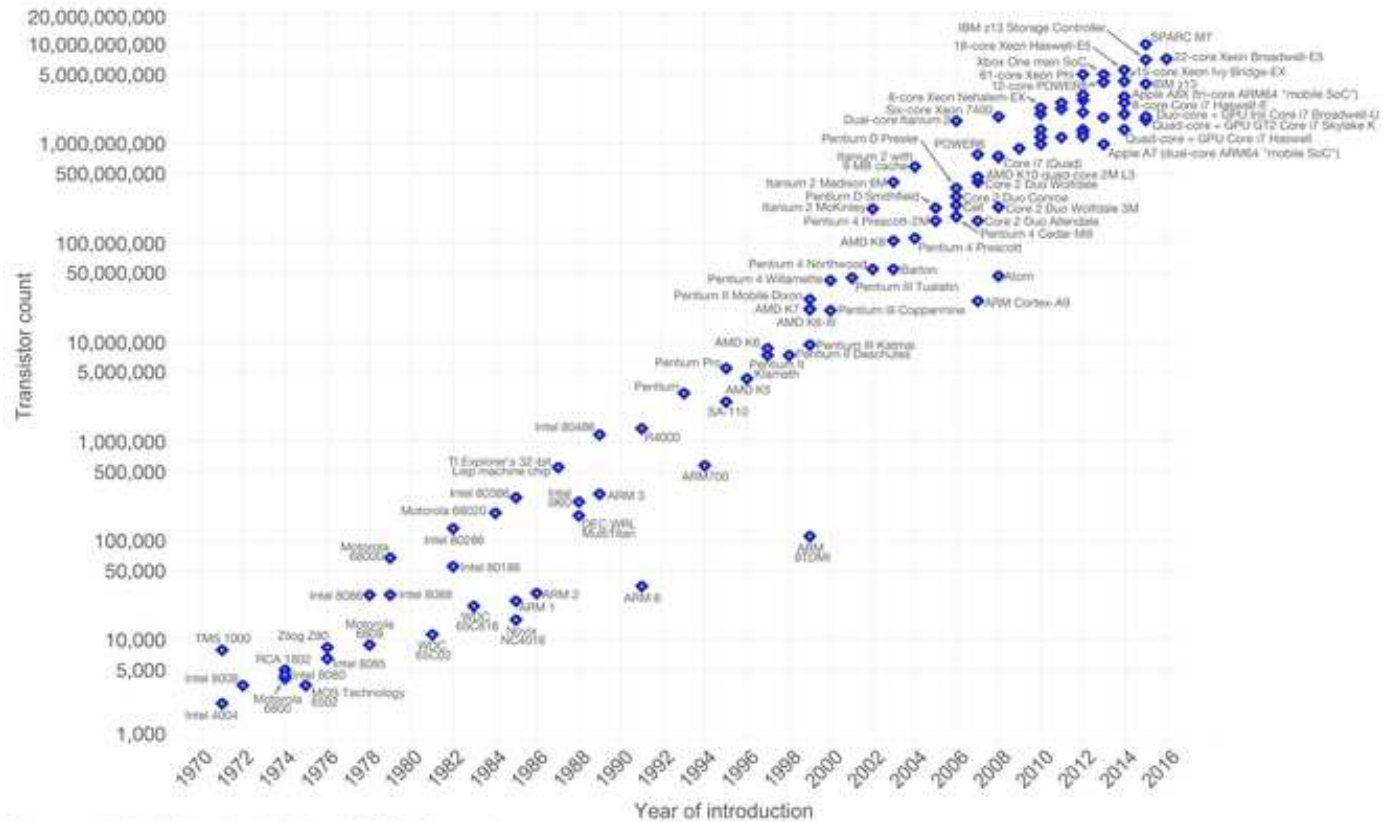
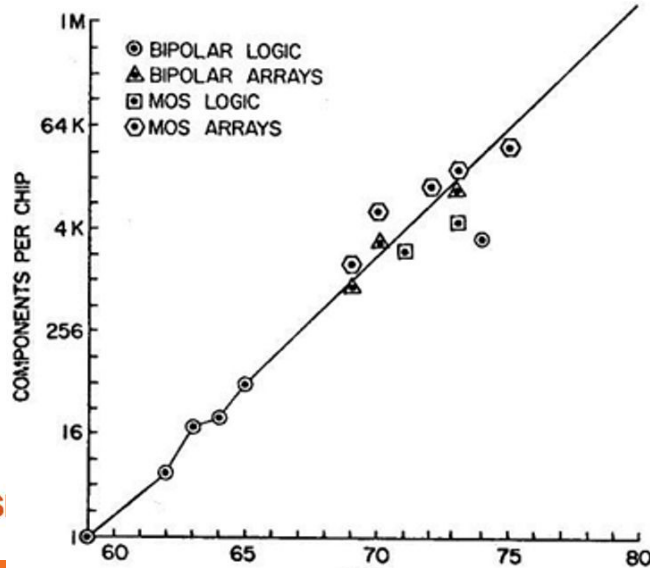
# IC industry grows by the Moore's law – a technological and economic miracle 集成电路按摩尔定律的发展成为科技经济奇迹



## Moore's Law – The number of transistors on integrated circuit chips (1971-2016)

Our World in Data

Moore's law describes the empirical regularity that the number of transistors on integrated circuits doubles approximately every two years. This advancement is important as other aspects of technological progress – such as processing speed or the price of electronic products – are strongly linked to Moore's law.

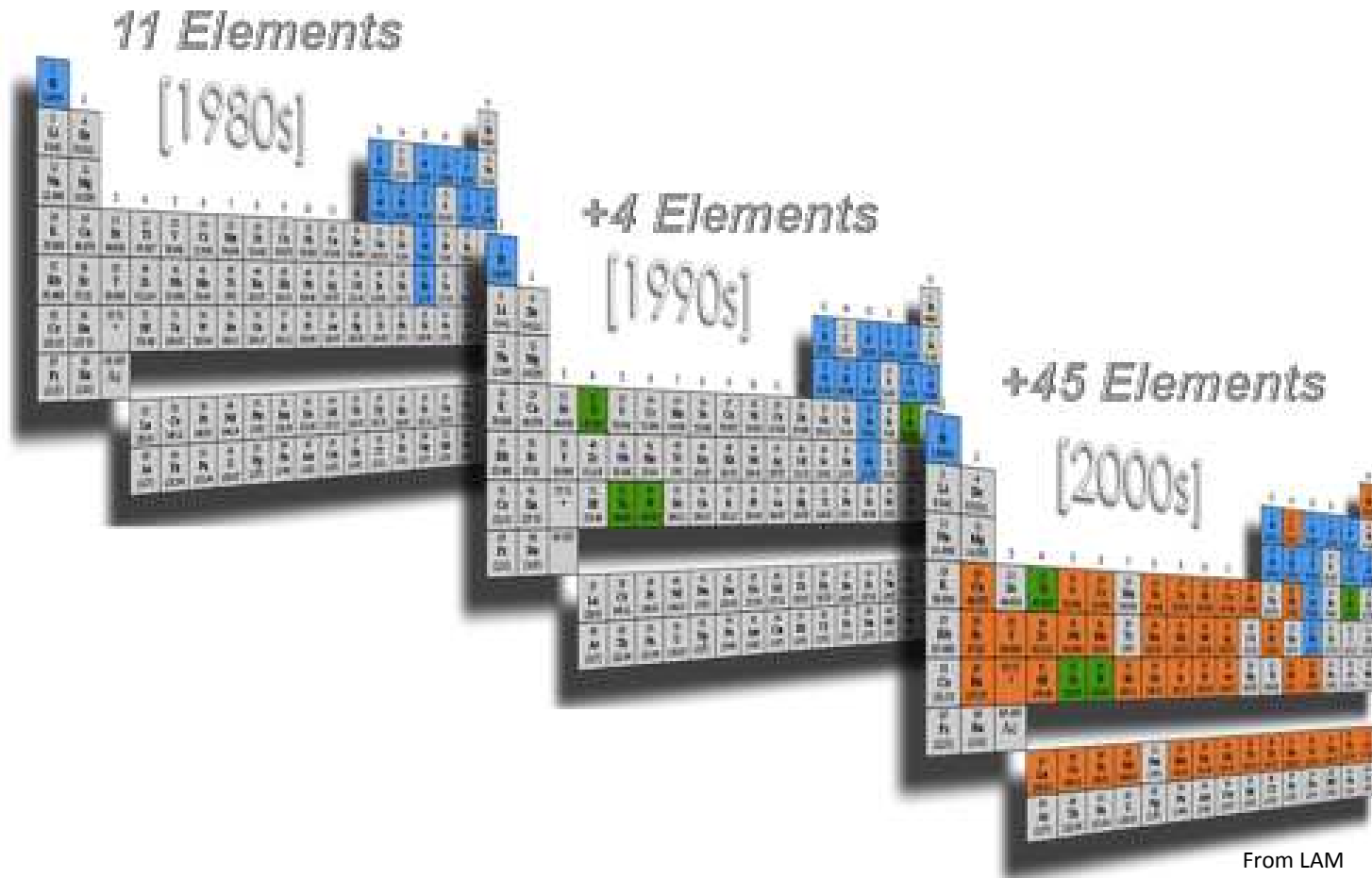


Data source: Wikipedia ([https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transistor\\_count](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Transistor_count))  
The data visualization is available at OurWorldInData.org. There you find more visualizations and research on this topic.

Licensed under CC-BY-SA by the author Max Roser.

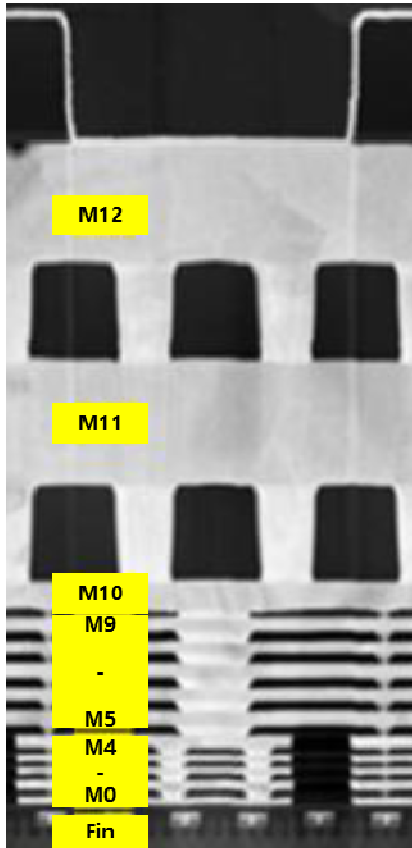


# More Moore to More than Moore will continue to rely on new materials and new innovation of materials 超越摩尔和后摩尔时代离不开更多的材料和材料的创新

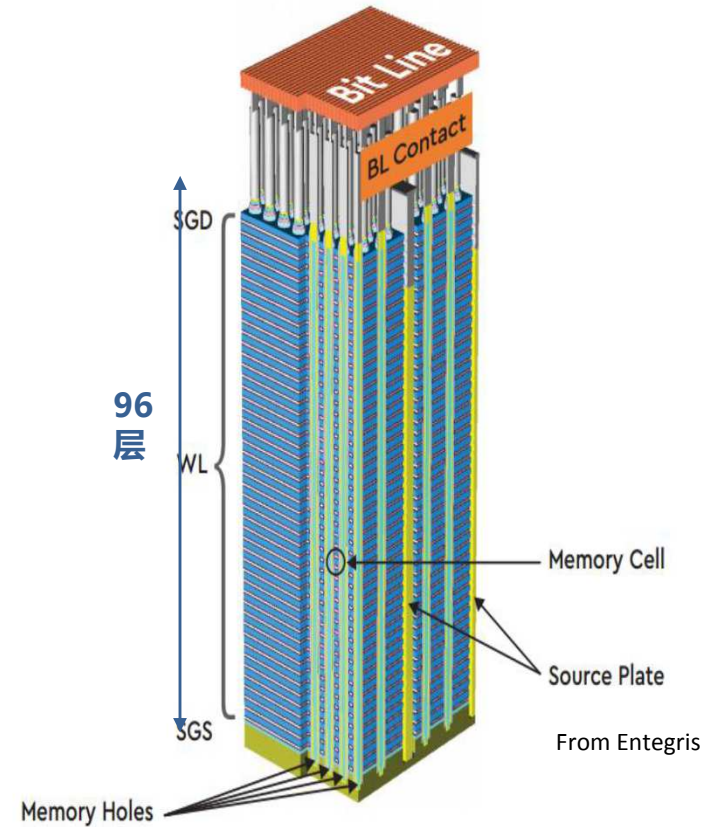




# The most complex and precise processes of mankind 集成电路制造是人类最复杂和最精密的工艺流程

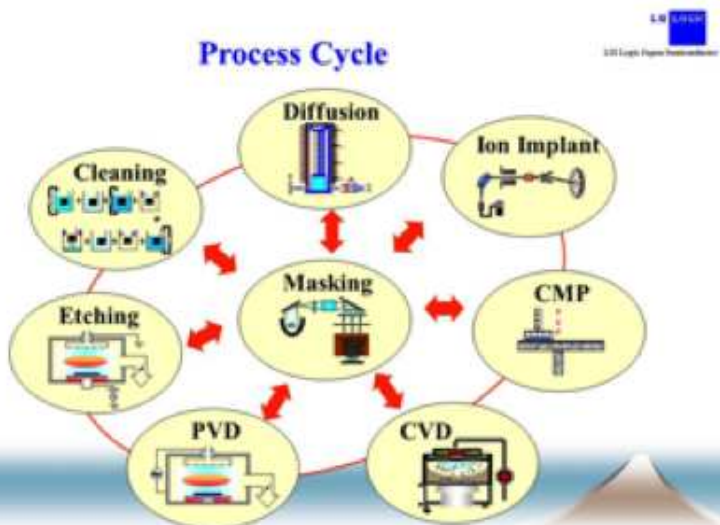


7纳米FinFET逻辑芯片



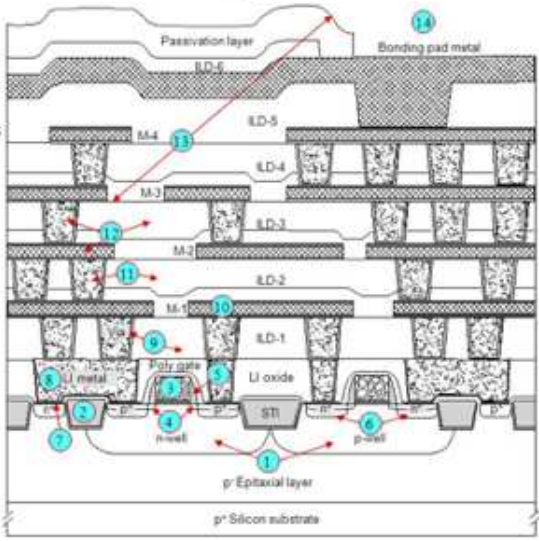
96层3D NAND存储器

# Tens of processes, hundreds of materials, and thousands steps to make a ULSI 集成电路的生产流程有十数种工艺、几百种材料、近千个步骤



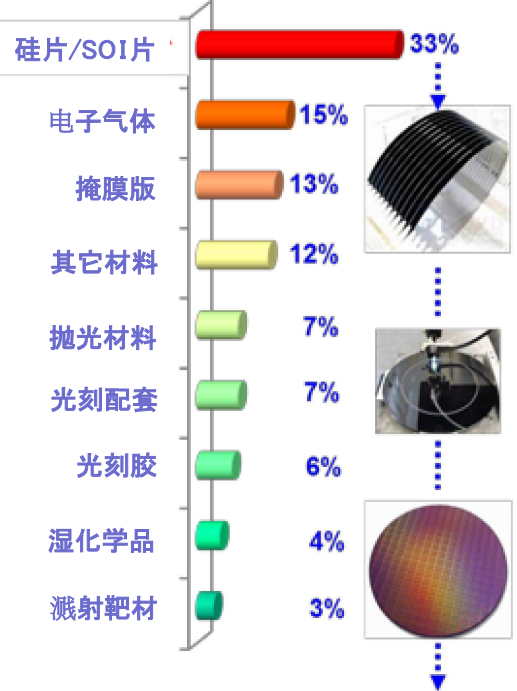
CMOS Manufacturing Steps

1. Twin-well Implants
2. Shallow Trench Isolation
3. Gate Structure
4. Lightly Doped Drain Implants
5. Sidewall Spacer
6. Source/Drain Implants
7. Contact Formation
8. Local Interconnect
9. Interlayer Dielectric to Via-1
10. First Metal Layer
11. Second ILD to Via-2
12. Second Metal Layer to Via-3
13. Metal-3 to Pad Etch
14. Parametric Testing

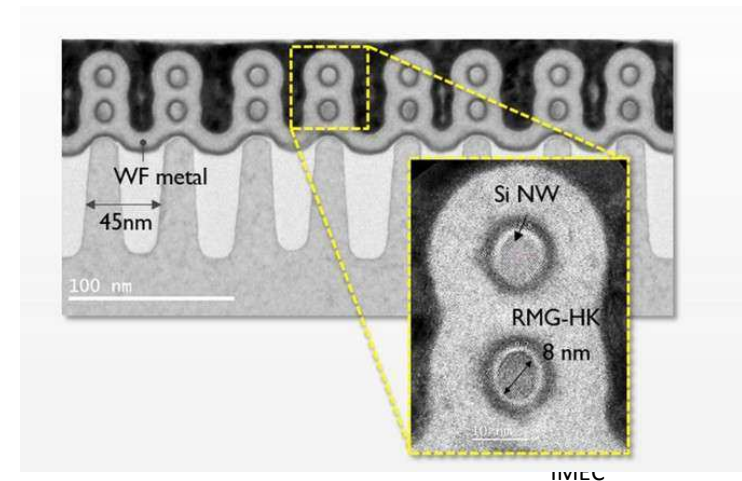
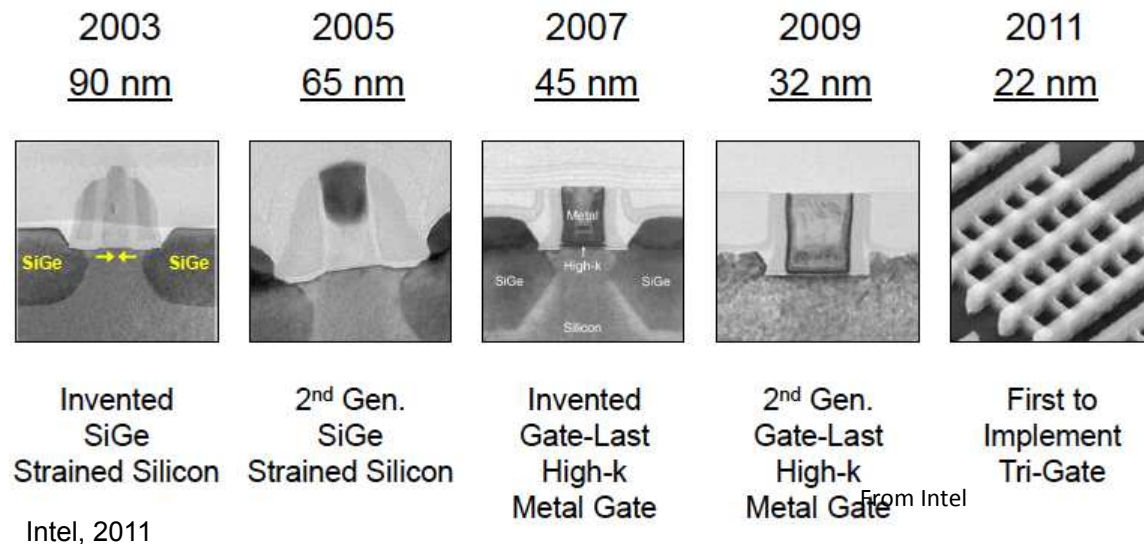


Semiconductor Manufacturing Technology by Michael Quirk and Julian Serda © 2001 by Prentice Hall

2015年全球集成电路配套材料市场比重

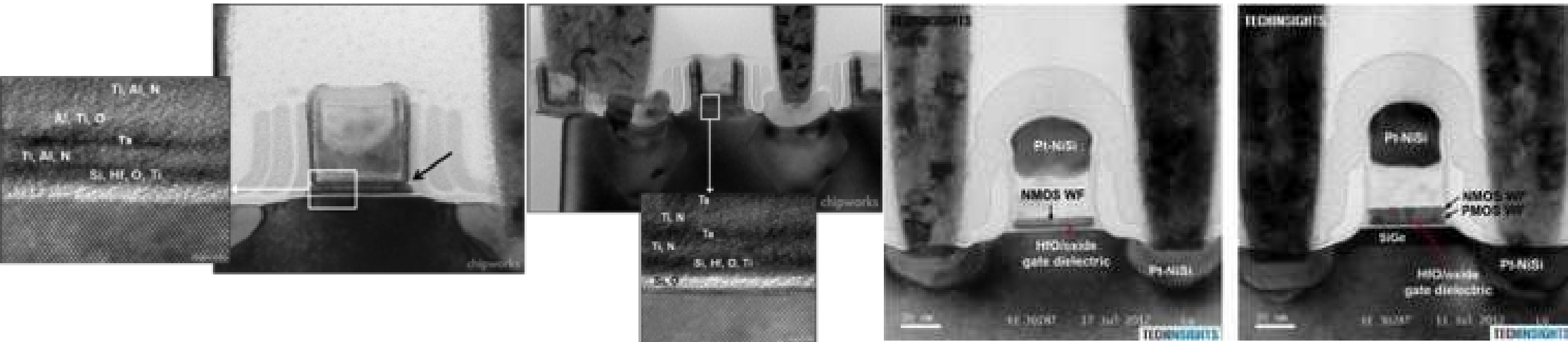


# Transistor technologies in the last 15 years is the pinnacle of combined breakthroughs of device-process-materials technologies 过去15年晶体管技术是器件-工艺-材料联合创新的高峰



Gate-All-Around, 2D materials, the future continues

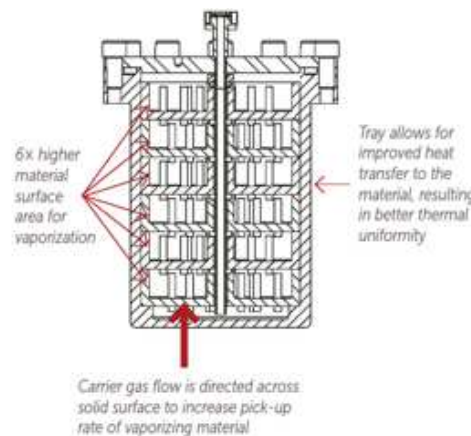
# ALD, $\text{HfCl}_4$ precursor and solid delivery system are the key to the success of High k/Metal Gate process 原子层沉积、 $\text{HfCl}_4$ 前驱体、固体输送系统等技术的结合



45nm replacement gate approach

45nm gate first approach

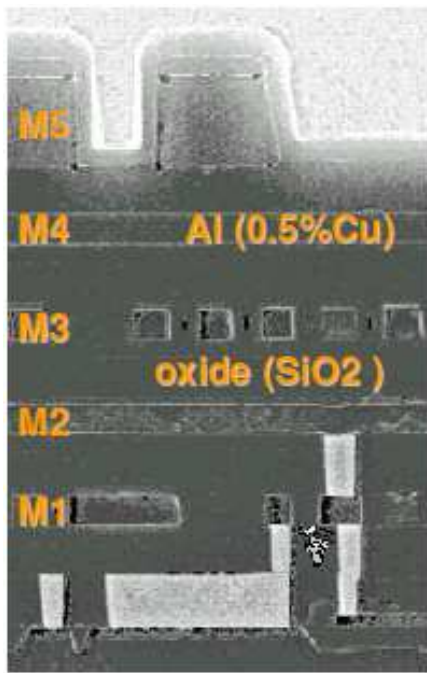
ATMI's ProE-Vap Solid Delivery System



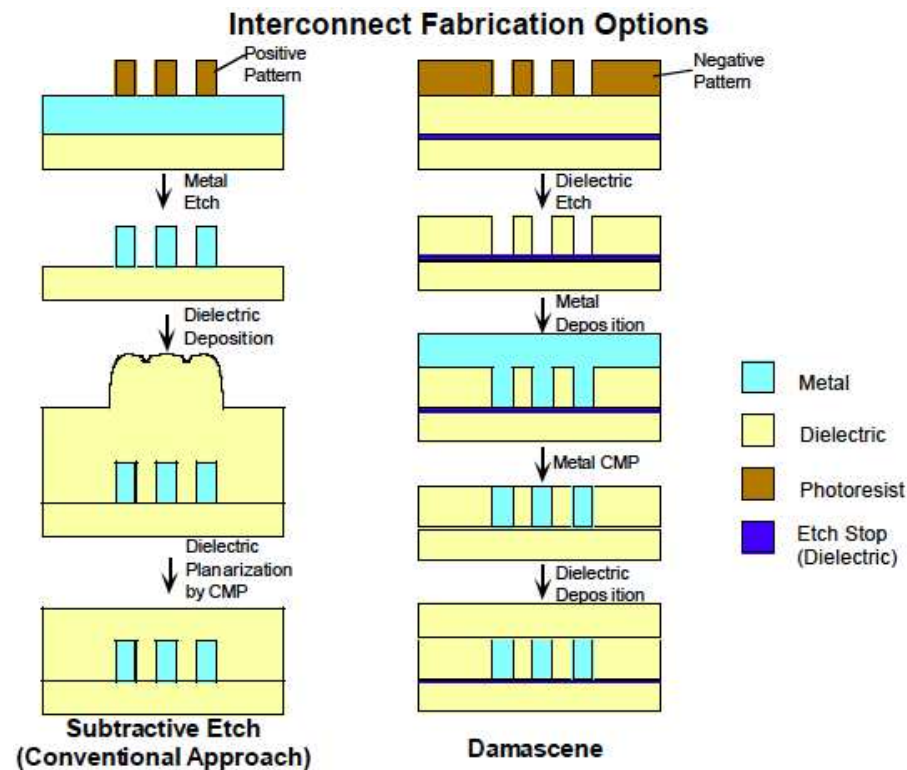
The fruit of Intel-ASM-ATMI collaboration



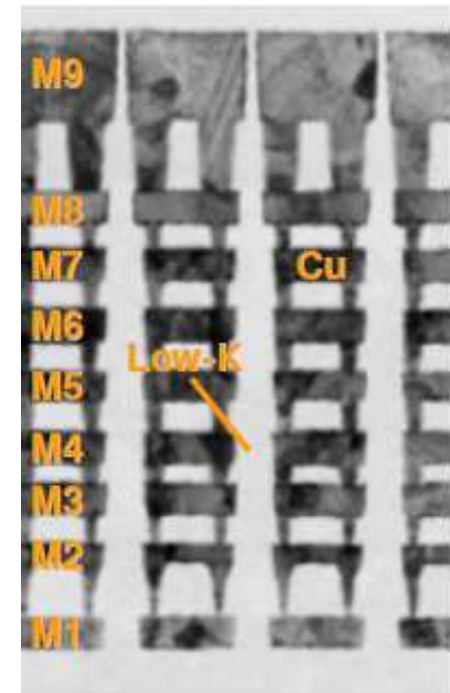
# From Al to Cu interconnect, material changed the processes, Co interconnect is already here 从铝互联到铜互联引起金属蚀刻到大马士革工艺流程的改变，从铜互联到钴互联又带来一大批新的工艺材料



0.25μm Technology (Motorola, 1996)



Saraswat Stanford EE311 Class Note



90nm Technology (TSMC, 2002)

New process materials are developed for each new technology node together with processes and integration 每一代技术节点都是工艺——集成——材料的协同发展

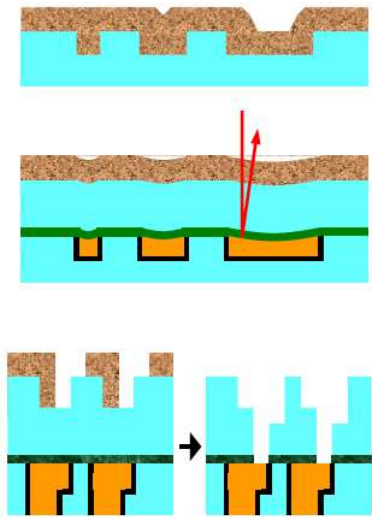
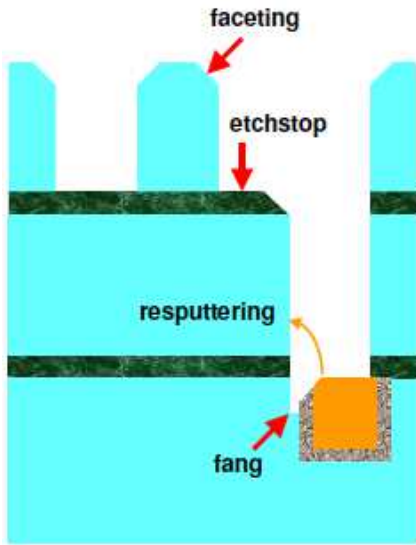
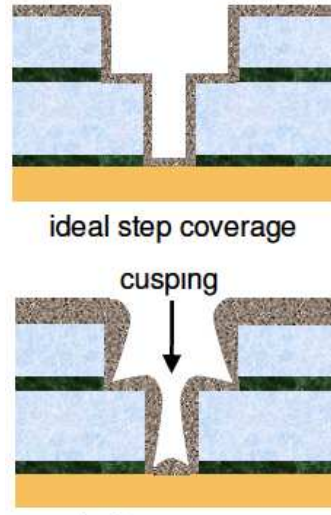


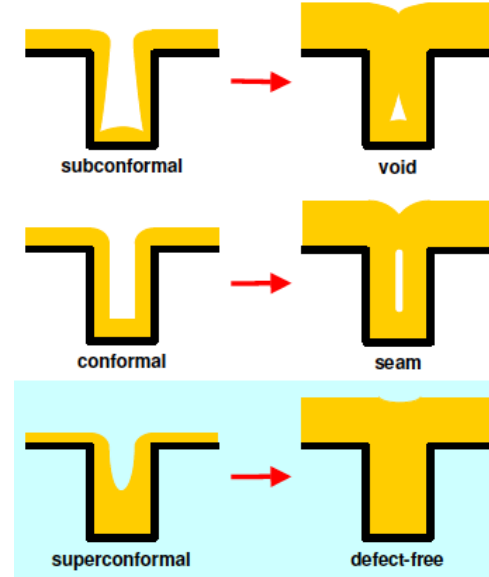
Photo resist



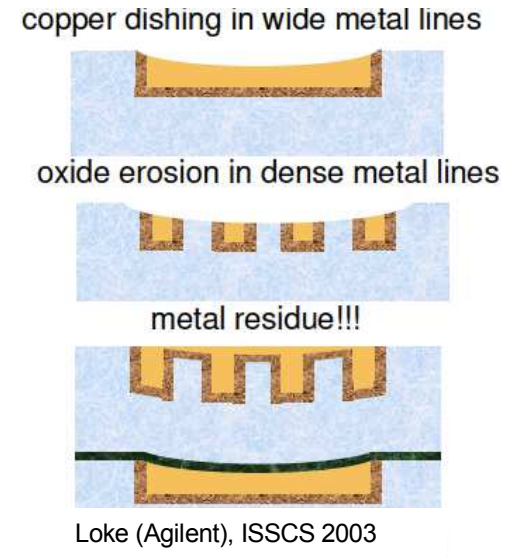
Etch Stop  
Post Etch Clean



Barrier (Ta, TaN,  
Ru, Co)  
Seed



Plating Solution

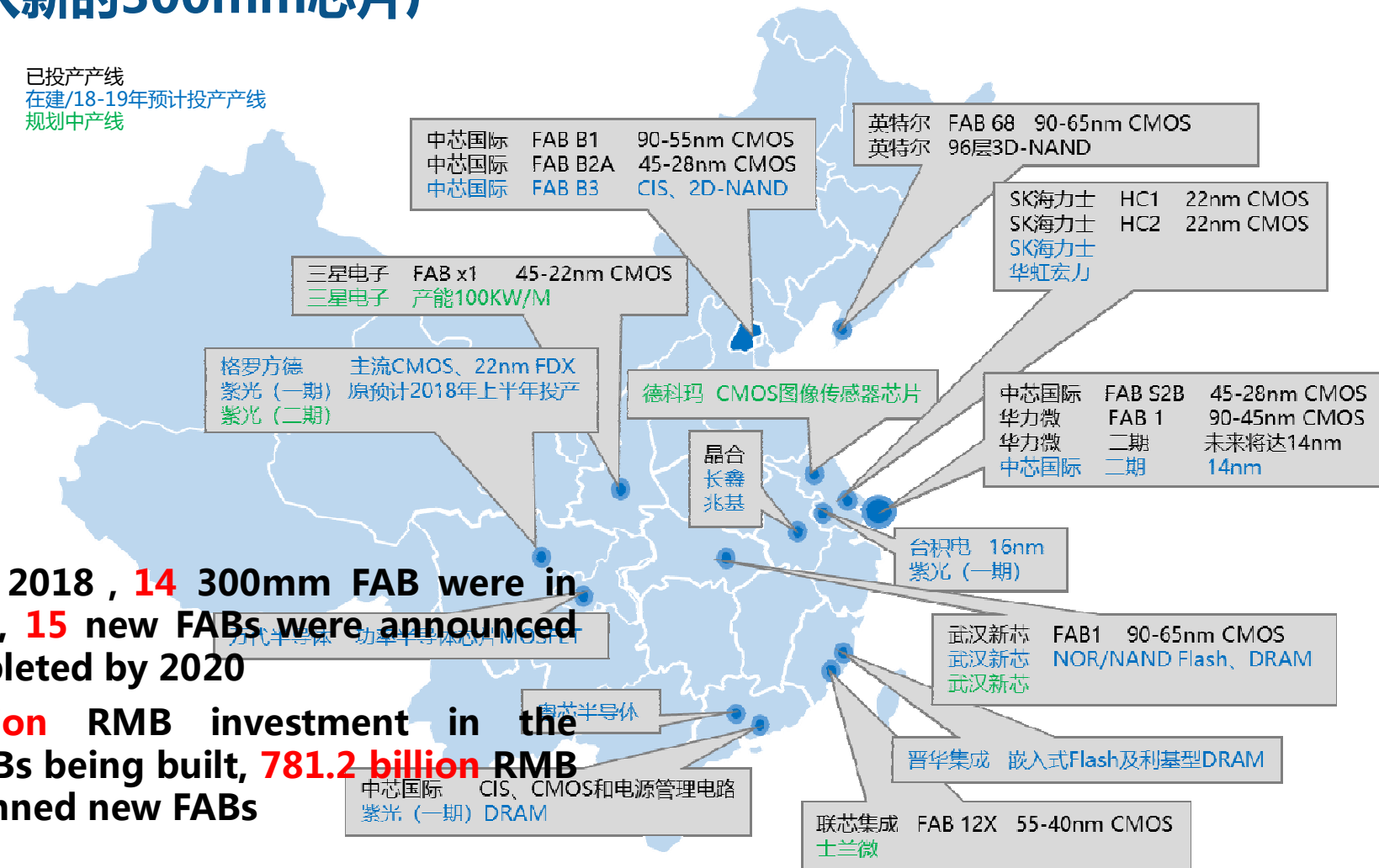


CMP Slurry  
Post CMP Clean

Loke (Agilent), ISSCS 2003

# The great leap of Si——Trillion RMB investment in 300mm wafer FABs, a huge market and huge risk 芯片大跃进，1万亿人民币投入新的300mm芯片厂

已投产产线  
 在建/18-19年预计投产产线  
 规划中产线

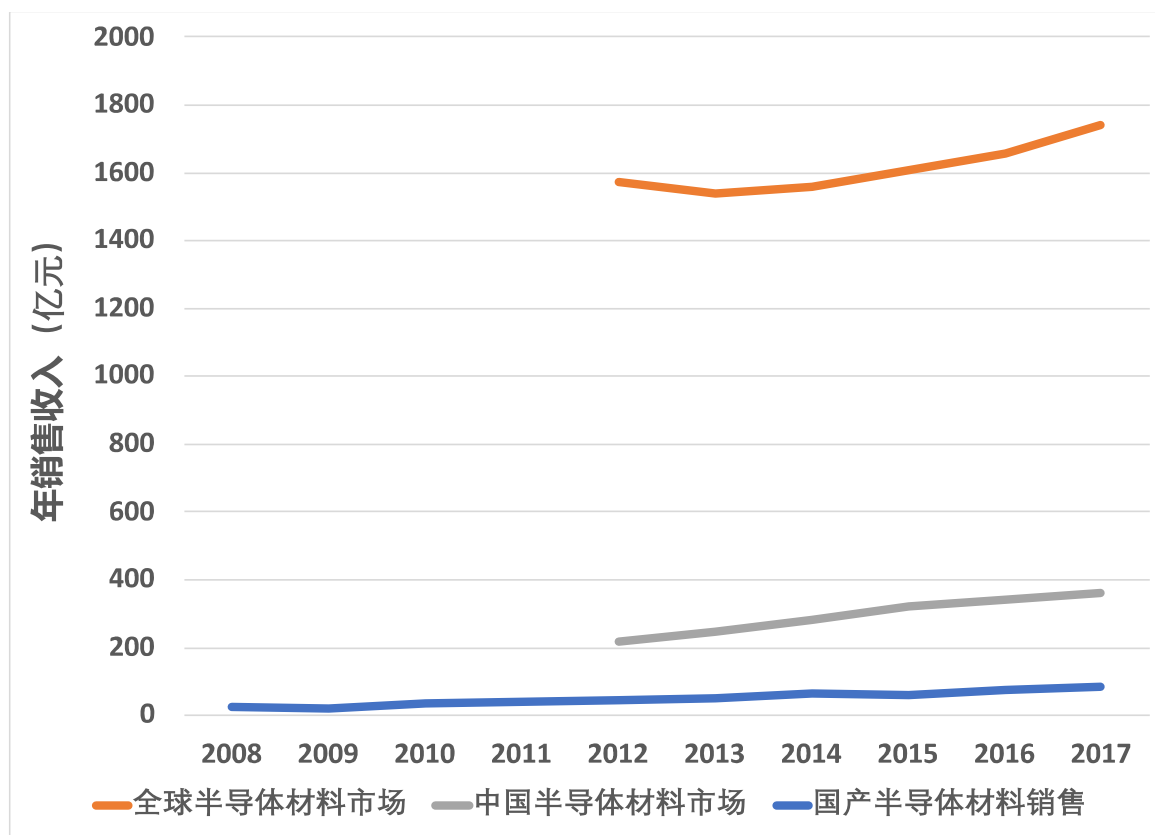


◆ By end of 2018 , **14** 300mm FAB were in production, **15** new FABs were announced to be completed by 2020

◆ **501.3 billion** RMB investment in the 300mm FABs being built, **781.2 billion** RMB for the planned new FABs



**A stronger Chinese IC materials industry is not only the need of national interest, but also the need of a healthy market 中国集成电路材料产业的长足发展不仅仅是国家利益的需要，也是一个健康市场的必然结果**

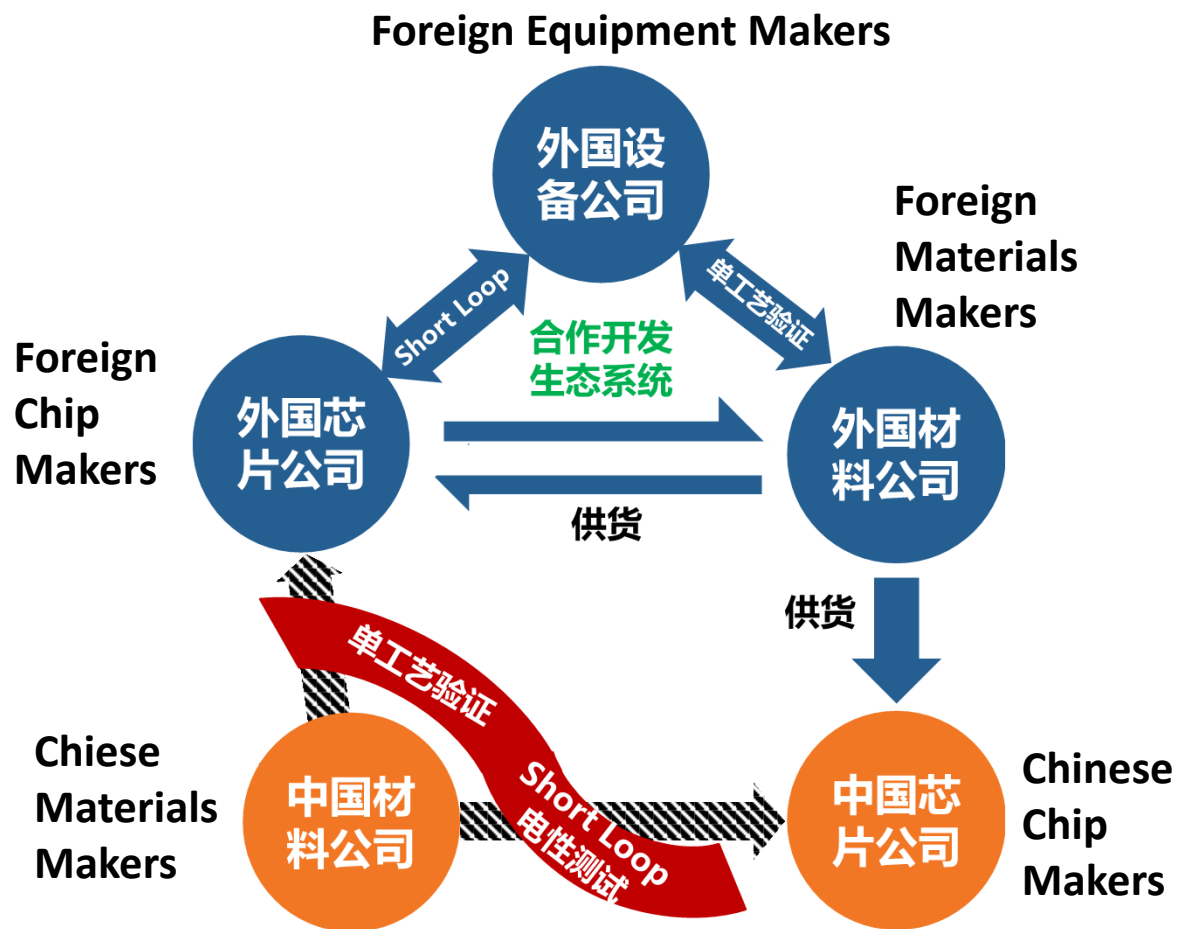


Collaborations between Chinese materials companies with equipment makers and FABs

Collaborations between Chinese materials companies with Foreign materials companies, equipment makers and FABs

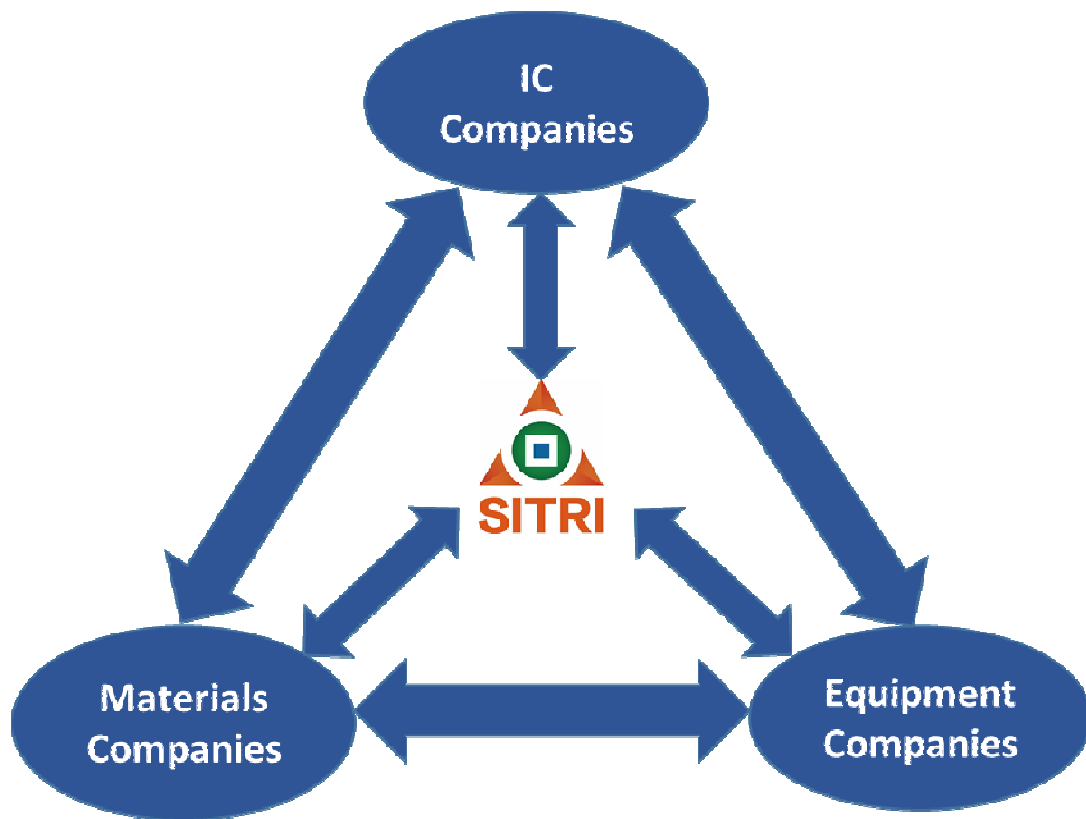


# Current collaboration ecosystem works but has its flows 今天的合作生态

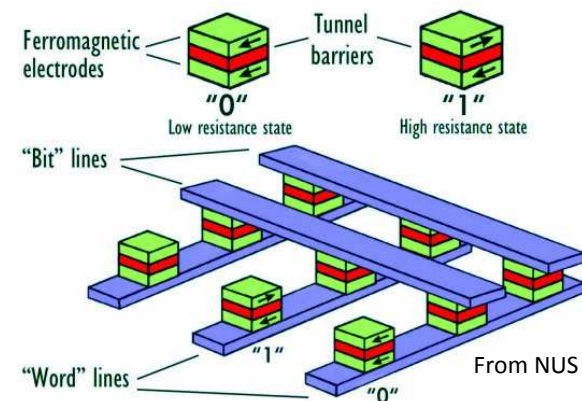
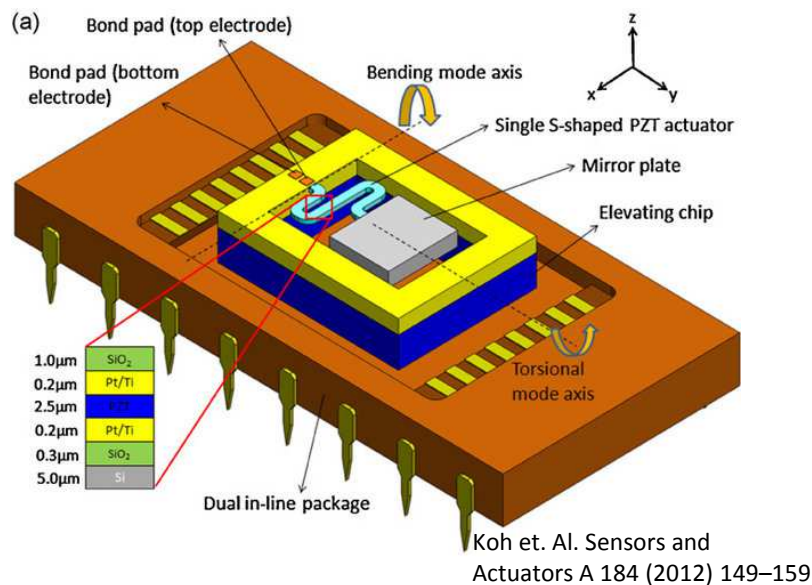
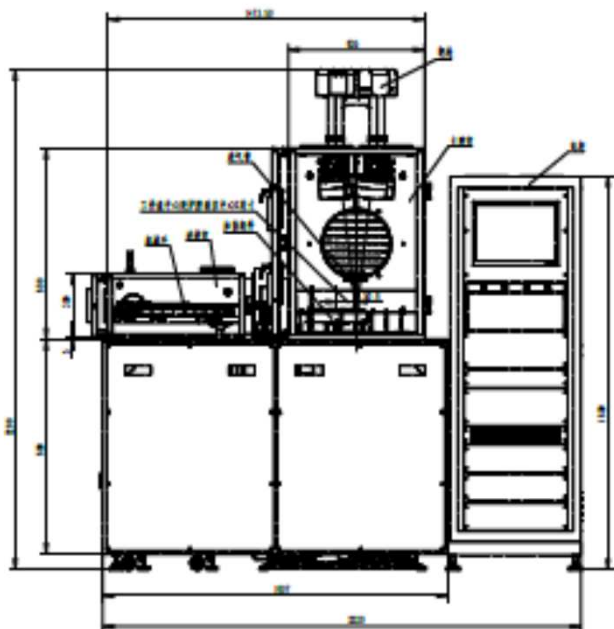


It's not always fast, not always open or not always straightforward

# SITRI willing to help build a better ecosystem 上海微 技术工研院愿意帮助建设更好的合作生态



# Collaboration on devices-processes-materials may lead to differentiation 器件—工艺—材料的合作也许会带来差异化



- Combinatorial PVD
- CVD PZT Thin Film
- $V_2O_5$  cleaning formulation
- Embedded MRAM or PCRAM

# Bring your idea or market to SITRI and make it happen 带着你的主意和市场来入住



8" MEMS Pilot line

8" Si Photonics Pilot line

Compound Semiconductor Pilot Line

Process Materials Platform

Equipment Platform

Design Service



XOI Technology

Phase Change Materials

Superconductor materials and Systems

Sensor Systems

Brain Like Systems



Venture Investment



STT-MRAM



## **Conclusion 总结**

- **Advance in Semiconductor technology depends on collaborative innovations of devices-processes-materials**
- **Growth of Chinese IC materials industry needs collaborations with materials, equipment and chip makers regardless of region**
- **These challenges demand closer collaboration**
- **SITRI spearheads the efforts to usher a new development ecosystem**

# THANKYOU

More than Moore · More than Innovation



[Weimin.Li@sitrigroup.com](mailto:Weimin.Li@sitrigroup.com)

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